

JELINKOVA, JARMILA

ZAHRADNICKY, Jiri, MUDr; SYRUCHEK, Lubomir, MUDr; BRUCKOVA, Marie;  
JELINKOVA, Jarmila; MICKOVA, Stanislava, ROTTI, Jiri, MUDr  
SKLACCOVA, Jitka

Experience with serologic identification of beta hemolytic Streptococci during the period of 1950-1952. Cesk. hyg. epidem. mikrob.  
2 no.4:291-300 Aug '53.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze, red. doc. Dr Karel Raska.

(STREPTOCOCCUS,  
hemolytic B, serol. typing)

ZNAMENACEK, K.; SYRUCEK, L.; JELINKOVA, J.

Microbiological control in day nurseries. Pediat. listy, Praha 8 no.2:  
97-101 Apr 1953. (CIML 25:1)

1. Of the Institute of Mother and Child Welfare (Head--Prof. J. Trapl,  
M.D.); Department of Pediatrics (Head--Docent K. Kubat, M.D.) and of the  
Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology (Director--Docent K. Raska,  
M.D.), Prague.

JELINKOVA, Jarmila; JELINEK, Jiri

Selectivity of bacitracin in relation to serological groups of  
streptococci. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 7 no.4:242-251 July 58.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze.

(BACITRACIN, effects

on streptoc., selective eff. in relation to serol.  
grouping (Cz))

(STREPTOCOCCUS, effect of drugs on  
bacitracin, selective eff. in relation to serol. grouping  
(Cz))

JELINKOVA, J.

Serological typing of group  $\beta$  hemolytic streptococci.  
Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 1 no. 2:74-80 Mr '63"

1. Katedra mikrobiologie UDL v Praze, pracoviste Ustav epidemiologie  
v Praze. ~~██████████~~  
(STREPTOCOCCUS)

JELINKOVA, L. (Plzen, Marxova ul. 13. Statni fakultni nemocnice.)

Fractures of the tibia in children: incidence, causes & prevention. Acta chir. orthop. czech. 26 no.2:115-118 Mar 59.

1. Ortopedicka klinika Statni fakultni nemocnice v Plzni, prednosta doc.  
dr. D. Polivka.  
(TIBIA, fract.  
in child. statist. (Cz))

JELINKOVA, Libuse; KEPLOVA, Svatava

Spine fractures in childhood. Acta chir.orthop.traum.cech. 27 no,4:  
348-353 Ag'60.

1. Ortopedicka klinika SFM, Plzen, prednosta doc.dr.D.Polivka.  
(SPINE fract & disloc)

HRUZA, Z.; JELINKOVA, M.; HLAVACKOVA, V.

Decreased reactivity of adipose tissue to adrenaline and connective tissue characteristics in rats adapted to trauma.  
Physiol. Bohemoslov. 13 no. 3:292-295 '64

1. Institute of Physiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,  
Prague.

JELINKOVA, M.

Metabolism of fatty tissue and its change in the course of  
aging. Cesk. fysiol. 13 no.1:1-14 Ja'64.

1. Fysiologicky ustav CSAV, Praha.

HRUZA,Z.; JELINKOVA, M.; HLAVACKOVA, V.

The metabolism of fat and collagen in rats adapted to adrenaline  
and ACTH injections. Physiol. Bohemoslov. 13 no.1:81-86 '64.

1. Institute of Physiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,  
Prague.

JELINKOVA, M.; HRUZA, Z.

Decreased effect of norepinephrine and growth hormone on the  
release of free fatty acids in old rats. Physiol. Bohemoslov.  
13 no.4:327-332 '64.

1. Institute of Physiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,  
Prague.

BREZINA, M.; KRCILEK, A.; JELINKOVA, M.

Polarographic determination of proteins in the urine. Cas. lek.  
cesk. 103 no. 5: 129-131 31 Ja'64

1. Polarograficky ustav CSAV v Praze (reditel: akademik  
J. Heyrovsky); IV. interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho le-  
karstvi KU v Praze (prednosta: prof. dr. M. Fucik); Ustredni  
biochemicka laboratorie fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v  
Praze (vedouci: MUDr. J. Hrabene.)

\*.

HRUZA,Z.; HLAVACKOVA,V.; JELINKOVA, M.

The characteristics of connective tissue and the reactivity of adipose tissue in experimental atherosclerosis. Physiol. Bohem.-slov. 14 no.2:137-145 '65.

Biochemical and morphological changes in adipose tissue from rats of different ages. Ibid. 146-151

1. Laboratory of Experimental Gerontology, Institute of Physiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences and Institute of Histology, Medical Faculty, Charles University, Prague.

STUCHLIKOVÁ, E.; HRUSKOVÁ, J.; MLATECKOVÁ, V.; KREJCIK, L.; HRUZA, Z.;  
JELINKOVÁ, M.

Effect of heparin on the non-esterized fatty acid level in the  
obese in relation to age. *Cesk. gastroent. vyz.*, 19 no.5:267-272  
Jl '65.

1. IV. interní klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství Karlovy  
University v Praze (prednosta prof. dr. M. Fucík) a Fyziolo-  
gicky ústav Československé akademie ved v Praze.

JELINKOVA, S.; VOBECKY, J.; JANICEK, B.

Value of transaminase activity determination in epidemiological practice. Česk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 12 no.2:104-109 Mr '63.

1. Krajska hygienicko-epidemiologicka stanice v Brne.  
(AMINOTRANSFERASES) (COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

JELINKOVA, Vera

EDUCATION

1947- Doctoral thesis

1948- Doctorate

Affiliations:

Address: Prague, Veterinarni Univerzita, No 11, Nov 60, p 127

EMPLOYMENT  
Degree: Graduate in Veterinary Medicine  
Affiliation: Department of Nutrition and Dietetics comprised  
of members of the Veterinary Faculty at VU in Brno.  
Date: Author of "The Diagnostics of Alcimine Toxicity,"  
Source.

EMPLOYMENT  
Degree: Doctor of Veterinary Medicine  
Affiliation: Department of Nutrition and Dietetics, comprised of  
members of the Veterinary Faculty at VU in Brno.  
Date: Author of "The Diagnostics of Alcimine Toxicity," Source.

Page 1 of 1.

(S)

Brc

JELINKOVA, Vera  
SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation: Chair of Nutrition and Veterinary Dietetics, Veterinary College (Katedra  
Vyzkumu dietetiky veterinarny fakulty VSZ) Brno /Chief Jaroslav KAHRT/

Source: Prague, Sbornik CSAZV Veterinarni Medicina, Vol 6(34), No 8, Aug 61; pp 631-638

Data: "Study of Volatile Nitrogenous Bases on Wheat Feeds"

VESELY, Zdenek; M.D.

JELINKOVA, Vera: graduate veterinarian

VCNDRASEK, Bohumil: graduate veterinarian

GPO 981643

JELINKOVA, Vera  
SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Sbornik CSAZV Veterinarni Medicina Vol 6(34), No 8, Aug 61; pp 651-656

Data: "Importance of Fat Acidity in Cereals with Regard to their Hygienic Value"

VESELY, Zdenek DVM

/ JELINKOVA, Vera, graduate veterinarian

6PC 981643

JELINKOVA, Vera

SURNAME, Given Name

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Chair of Nutrition and Veterinary Dietetics, Veterinary College (Katedra)

Affiliation: Vyzovy a dietetiky veterinarni fakulty VSZ) /Chief Docent DR J. KABRT/

Sbornik CSAV

Source: Prague, Veterinarni Medicina Vol 6(34), No 8, Aug 61; pp 639-650

Data: "Determining the Acidity Norms of Aqueous Extracts of Cereals and Sanitary Control"

JELINKOVA, Vera  
VESELY, Zdenek

GPO 981643

~~CZECHOSLOVAKIA~~

JELINKOVA, V., VESELY, Z., HRUBEC, S., Chair of Dietetics  
and Foods of the Veterinary Faculty of the University for  
Agriculture at Brno, Head Asst. Prof. J. Kabrt (Katedra vy-  
zivu a diabetiky Vet. fakulty VSZ v Brne, prednosta doc.  
MVDr. J. Kabrt).

"Observation of Titration Acidity of Grains and Grouts  
During Storage."

Prague, Veterinarni Medicina, Vol 8, No 1, Jan 63, pp  
41 - 46.

Abstract: 17 measurements were made during an 8 months stor-  
age period on grains and grout of wheat, barley, rye, and  
oats. Whole grain is not affected by storage of this dura-  
tion, but grouts are. Their acidity increases to a great  
degree.  
4 Figures, 3 Tables, no references.

OKA - AVAKIA

RECHL, Z., JELINKOVA, V., HLBEK, S., Chair of Dietetics  
and Feeding of the Veterinary Faculty of the University for  
Agriculture at Brno, Head Asst. Prof. J. Kabrt (Katedra  
veterinarní dietetiky Vet. fakulty VSZ v Brně, přednosta doc.  
MVDr. J. Kabrt).

"Observation of the Acidity of Fat in Grout During Storage."

Brno, Veterinarni Medicina, Vol. 8, No.1, Jan. 63, pp  
49-56.

Abstract [Authors' English summary modified]: Grains show  
little increase of fat acidity in storage. Acidity in grouts  
increases with the duration of storage; this no doubt is  
due to the destruction of the protective outer layers of  
the grain. Grout should not be stored and when this be-  
comes necessary antioxydants should be added.  
6 Figures, 1 Western, 2 Czech, 3 German, 1 Russian referen-  
ces.

1/1

JELINKOVA, Vera, promovana veterinarni lekarka; VESELY, Zdenek, dr.;  
HRUBECK, Stanislav, promovany veterinarni lekar

Examination of the titratable acidity in grain and grout  
of stored cereals. Veter medicina 8 no.1:41-48 Ja '63.

Examination of the acidity of grout fat during storage.  
Ibid.:49-56 Ja '63.

1. Chair of Nutrition and Dietetics of the Faculty of  
Veterinary Medicine, Higher School of Agriculture, Brno.  
Head of the Chair: [doc. MVDr.] Jaroslav Kabrt.

L 3739-66 ENT(a)/ENP(t)/ENP(b) TJP(c) JD

ACC NR: AP5027867 SELINKOVA CZ/0034/65/000/001/0072/0072  
AUTHOR: Potlicka, J. (Engineer); Bastecky, V.; Kloc, K.; Riha, V.; Vesely, V.;  
Hadacek, B. (Engineer); Jelinkova, V. (Doctor of natural science); Strubl, R. (Doctor  
of natural science)

TITLE: Method of treating manganese ores to obtain higher oxides of Mn 20  
SOURCE: Hutnické listy, no. 1, 1965, 72 DB

TOPIC TAGS: metal melting, manganese, manganese compound, sulfuric acid

ABSTRACT: Article is an abstract of Czechoslovak Patent Application Class 40a, 47/00, PV 421-64, dated 24 Jan 64. Solid sulfates, preferably the monohydrate are exposed at 900°C to a mixture of steam and nitric acid vapors. In the reactor Mn is oxidized, and sulfuric acid regenerated. Reaction space vapors are cooled to recover sulfuric acid as a condensate, while nitric oxides are recovered in the usual manner. The advantage of the process is that Mn is recovered as solid oxide suitable for metallurgical uses, and sulfuric and nitric acids are regenerated.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 24Jan64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: MM

NR REF SOV: 000 OTHER: 000 JPRS

Card 1/1

L 35944-66 EWT(m)/EWF(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD

ACC NR: AP6027384

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0034/65/000/009/0680/0680

INVENTOR: Petlicka, J. (Engineer); Bastecky, V.; Hadacek, B. (Engineer);  
Jelinkova, V. (Doctor of natural sciences); Kloc, K.; Vesely, V.

31

3

ORG: none

TITLE: Process for treating manganese or ferro-manganese raw materials under simultaneous regeneration of sulfuric acid. Class 40a, No PV 1562-64

SOURCE: Hutnické listy, no. 9, 1965, 680

TOPIC TAGS: manganese, ferromanganese, sulfuric acid, metallurgic process, chemical decomposition, calcination

ABSTRACT: The article is an abstract of Czechoslovak Patent Application Class 40a, 47/00, PV 1562-64, dated 18 March 64. The raw materials treated may be ores, concentrates, sludges, slags, or byproducts. The process is of a hydrometallurgical character; manganese or both manganese and iron are dissolved as sulfates, and these sulfates are treated according to the invention in such a manner that higher oxides of the respective metals are obtained under conditions of a simultaneous regeneration of the sulfuric acid. The sulfate is subjected to an attack by hydrochloric acid, or gaseous hydrogen chloride, or both of these at the same time; sulfuric acid is expelled, and the resulting chlorides of metals are precipitated as solids from the concentrated solution. The chlorides are decomposed by calcination and the regenerated HCl is returned to the process. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 11, 16 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 ns

JELINOVIC, Z.

Preparation of the Law on Raod Transporation of Commodities  
p. 278 CESTE I MOSTOVI. (uprava za cestre NR Hrvatske  
Zagreb. Vol. 4, no. 7, July 1956

SOURCE: East Europe Accession Lists (EEAL),  
Library of Congress, Vol. 5, no. 11, Nov. 1956

JELINOVIC, Z.

The enforcement of various transportation regulations and the practice. p. 143.  
(Ceste I Mostovi, Vol. 5, no. 4, Apr. 1957. Yugoslavia)

SD: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

JELINOWICZ, H., inz.

Motor protection from repeated starting. Elektrotechnik 19  
no.1:11-12 Ja'64.

1. Statni ustav Energoprojekt, Praha.

JELINOWICZ, H., inz.

Economical solution of drive control diagrams in steam power  
plants. Energetika Cz 14 no.9:421-427 S '64.

1. State Institute Energoprojekt, Prague.

HUNGARY/Soil Science - Organic Fertilizers.

J

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 22, 1958, 100093

Author : Jelinowska, A.

Inst :

Title : Notes on My Stay in Hungary

Orig Pub : Postepy nauk roln., 1957, 4, No 4, 133-141

Abstract : There has been described, in detail, a method for improvement of sandy soils, and a series of other questions has been touched upon. A bureau for the study of achievements in agriculture, subordinated to the Council of Ministers, has been organized by the government. Highly qualified specialists verify, under industrial conditions, the effectiveness of various methods recommended for the introduction of organic fertilizers. -- Z.I. Zhurbitskiy

Card 1/1

JELINOWSKI, S.; MODZELEWSKA, A.

"Creative Mixtures For Soil." p. 11  
"For High Yields of Herbs." p. 12  
(Plon, Vol. 5, No. 2, Feb. 1954, Warszawa)

East European Vol. 3, No. 6 1954  
SO: Monthly List of ~~RECEIVED~~ Acquisitions, /Library of Congress, June 3948, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2

JELINSKA, Henryka, inz.

Jointless "estrich-gypsum" floors and sleepers. Przegl budowl  
i bud mieszk 34 no.7:441-442 Jl '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2

JELINSKA, Henryka, inz.

Prefabricated sleepers of gypsum and "estrich-gypsum." Przegl  
budowl i bud mieszk 34 no.7:442 J1 '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2"

JELINSKA, KRYSTYNA M.

ORILOWA, Tatiana; JELINSKA, Krystyna M.

Solubility of surface antigen of *alcalescens* I strains; studies by passive hemagglutination and immunization of animals. Med. dosw. mikrob. 9 no.3:245-252 1957.

1. Z Zakladu Bakteriologii Państwowego Zakładu Higieny w Warszawie.  
(BACTERIA,

*Bacillus alcalescens*, solubility of surface antigen (Pol))

CZARNIECKI, Wincenty; GRADOWSKA, Liliana; JELINKA, Stanisława;  
KROTKIEWSKI, Andrzej

Epidemiological studies on arteriosclerosis among construction workers  
in Warsaw. Postepy hig. med. dosw. 15 no.6:733-739 '61.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych AM w Warszawie Kierownik:  
prof. dr. A. Biernacki.  
(CORONARY DISEASE statist) (OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES statist)

JELINSKI, A.; MORAWIECKI, A.; PAWLOWSKI, S.

"Raw Materials for the Chemical Industry." p.48  
(PRZEGLAD GEOLOGICZNY No. 1/2, Jan./Feb. 1954 Warszawa, Poland.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1954/Uncl.

S/081/62/000/002/022/107  
B151/B108

AUTHORS: Jeliński, Aleksander, Lis, Józef

TITLE: An attempt to apply nuclear emulsions to the study of the distribution of uranium and thorium in magmatic rocks using the granitoids as an example

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 2, 1962, 120, abstract 2G62 (Kwart. geol., v. 5, no. 1, 1961, 1 - 14)

TEXT: Results are given from a study of the distribution of U and Th in 13 samples of granitoids from Karkonoshy and Stshestegoma-Slobutki, using a nuclear emulsion to record  $\alpha$ -radiation. The intensity of the  $\alpha$ -radiation from various rock-forming minerals is also studied. It is shown that the radioactive elements are distributed nonuniformly and that more than 60% of the overall radioactivity from the Th is due to with accessory minerals. The rest of the radioactivity comes from secondary minerals, in which the major part of the U is concentrated. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

9.2571 (1147,1159,1163)

35400

P/022/62/000/004/001/002  
D271/D304AUTHOR: Jeliński, AndrzejTITLE: Thin ferrite layers in low-power band X resonance  
isolatorsPERIODICAL: Przegląd telekomunikacyjny, <sup>34</sup> no. 4, 1962, 102 - 107

TEXT: The author reports the results of an experimental investigation of ferrite inserts in band X isolators which aimed at finding the geometry, ensuring a minimum required field and at checking some published theoretical statements; W.Haken's theory of insert demagnetization factors was an object of particular interest. The composition of the ferrite was

$$\text{Ni}_{0.609} \text{ Zn}_{0.261} \text{ Cu}_{0.1} \text{ Co}_{0.03} \text{ Fe}_{1.9} \text{ O}_{3.86}$$

From the author's previous work it was deduced that a minimum field is required for resonance when very thin ferrite plates are used in an E configuration. Inserts with diverse ratios of height to width were measured; theoretical deductions were confirmed; they

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Thin ferrite layers in low-power ...

P/022/62/000/004/001/002  
D271/D304

X

permit the optimum position in the waveguide to be found without cumbrous experimentation, assuming that the insert is infinitely thin and does not distort the field. The maximum ratio of stop- and pass-band attenuations occurs in the plane of circular polarization; a graph is given of the distance of this plate from the sidewall, in function of frequency and waveguide dimension. Characteristics of isolator attenuations are shown for E configuration, as a function of insert position for three ferrite thickness. R. Steinhart's analysis of the relation between insert position and attenuations is quoted and it is concluded that experimental results confirmed the theory. Q-factors obtained experimentally are much lower than the theoretical values: an E configuration gives lower Q than an H configuration. Calculations of Q by the width of the ferromagnetic resonance curve, with small ferrite spheres, produce results several times greater than those obtained in experiments. With H configuration, field required for resonance is above 3500 oersted for all insert shapes, although material with higher saturation magnetization will require slightly lower field. E configuration produces appreciably narrower band and higher pass-attenuation. The working point, for smooth attenuation characteristic,

Card 2/3

Thin ferrite layers in low-powder ...

P/022/62/000/004/001/002  
D271/D304

must be determined graphically from plotted characteristics for the edge and center frequencies. The narrow band of isolators with thin ferrite plates can be widened by loading the waveguide with thin dielectric inserts. There are 7 figures and 9 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and 5 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: B. Lax, Proc. IRE, v. 44, Oct., 1956; R.M. Godfrey, B.L. Humphreys and P.E. Allin, Proc. IEE, Part B, Convention on Ferrites, Oct., 1956; R. Sensiper, Proc. IRE, 1956.

ASSOCIATION: Wydzielone biuro rozwojowe ZMM - Polfer (Independent Development Department ZMM, Polfer) X

Card 3/3

h1891  
P/516/62/000/027/001/004  
U271/D308

9.2571

AUTHOR:

TITLE:

SOURCE:

TEXT:

Jeliński, Andrzej  
Study of optimal parameters of a ferrite resonance  
isolator for band C  
Warsaw. Politechnika. Zeszyty naukowe, no. 63. 1962,  
Elektryka, no. 27, 3-43.

Symmetrical H-type isolator for the 4.5 cm band was  
analytically and experimentally studied, with a view to designing an  
optimal isolator using Polish ferrite. H configuration was chosen  
because of better cooling, important at higher power levels, better  
Q-factors, closeness of positions corresponding to minimal forward  
and maximal reverse attenuation, and lesser danger of spurious modes.  
A new ferrite type was developed, lig<sub>1.05</sub>Fe<sub>1.90</sub>3.9, and the production  
procedure is described in detail: ferrite batts were used for  
sintering and samples were annealed after grinding to dimensions.  
The influence of sintering temperature on density and resistivity  
is shown in graphs, and main parameters of the ferrite are tabulated.

Card 1/4

P/516/62/000/027/001/004  
D271/D303

Study of optimal parameters ...

This type of ferrite was compared with another, previously developed for microwave operation, throughout all isolator measurements. Forward and reverse attenuations were measured for various dimensions of the slab, at mid-frequency. Slab dimensions were limited to maximal width of 7 mm and maximal thickness of 4 mm, in order to avoid dimensional resonance. Results of attenuation measurements are shown in many graphs which may serve for determining the optimal positioning of the slab. Ferrite slab in a waveguide disturbs field distribution, and hollow waveguide position of circular polarization is not necessarily the optimal position of the slab. The actual optimal position depends both on the geometry and material of the slab, and can be determined only by experiment. Attenuation in the forward direction is attributed to complex permittivity of the ferrite. Q-factors which can be obtained in practice are much lower than theoretically expected values. The spread of attenuation values over the band is a truer criterion of quality than the Q-factor. The gyromagnetic resonance equation for a finite slab is discussed and demagnetization factors are treated following J. Maken (Archiv der elektr. Übertragung, December 1958). The effect

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P/516/62/000/027/001/004

D271/D308

Study of optimal parameters ...

of demagnetization in function of slab shape coefficient is shown in graphs. The isolator bandwidth is investigated as a function of slab geometry and material. The most level frequency characteristic is obtained at a field strength for which reverse attenuations at both ends of the band have the same value. A flat and symmetrical frequency characteristic can be obtained at a slight deterioration of the Q-factor, and slab position is then critical. Experiments with dielectric loading have shown that reverse attenuation can be substantially increased, with only a slight increase in forward attenuation. Dielectric loaded ferrite slab requires matching tapers. Dielectric loading does not cause a significant change in the required magnetic field strength. Methods of temperature compensation are discussed and it is concluded that temperature compensation is possible with E configuration. The isolator designed as a result of the study is compared with the Raytheon ICI: 19 type and found fairly similar in basic parameters. The cooperation of F. Foniok of the Biuro Rozwojowe Zakładu Materiałów Magnetycznych (Development Laboratory of the Magnetic Materials Establishment) is acknowledged. There are 35 figures.

Card 3/4

Study of optimal parameters ...

P/516/62/000/027/001/004  
D271/D308

ASSOCIATION: Katedra techniki fal ultrakrótkich politechnika  
Warszawska (Microwave Department, Warsaw Polytechnic) X

SUBMITTED: June 5, 1961

Card 4/4

JELISAVCIC, I.

Pattern of concrete and cement in the new standards. p. 509.  
TEHNIKA (Savez inzenjera i tehnicara Jugoslavije) Beograd  
Vol. 11, no. 4, 1956

SOURCE: East Europe Accession Lists (EEAL),  
Library of Congress, Vol. 6, no. 11, Nov. 1956

COUNTRY : YUGOSLAVIA  
CATEGORY : Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Applications. Ceramics. Binding Materials. \*  
H  
ABS. JOUR. : RZhKhim., No 17, 1959, No. 61628

AUTHOR : Jelisavcic, I.  
INSTITUTE : -  
TITLE : Testing of Alum-Earth Cement With Additions of  
Opal Breccia.  
ORIG. PUB. : Saopst. Inst. ispitiv. mater. NRS, 1958, 6, No 8,  
47-57

ABSTRACT : It is indicated that alum-earth cement with the  
addition of 20% opal breccia possesses high re-  
sistance under the conditions of storage in the  
open and in water at room temperature and at 40°.

\*Concrete.

Card: 1/1

H - 49

JELISAVCIC-MIHALJ, M.

Contribution to anthropometric studies on students. Higijena 13 no.2:  
163-167 '61.

(ANTHROPOMETRY) (STUDENTS)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 12/10 Medical Microb. Oct 59

3070. SOME EXPERIMENTS IN STAPHYLOCOAGULASE. I. METHODS OF DETERMINATION OF FREE AND BOUND COAGULASE - Badania nad koagulazami gronkowcowymi. I. Metody oznaczania wolnej i związanego koagulazy - Jeliazewicz J. Zakt. Mikrobiol. Akad. Med., Poznań - ACTA MICROBOL. POL. 1958, 7/1 (17-33) Tables 7

The values of several modifications of various methods of assaying free and bound staphylocoagulase were examined. The best results were obtained with rabbit plasma (diluted or undiluted). Human plasma very often contains coagulase inhibitors. Some specimens of human plasma were unsuitable, due to the lack of a specific coagulase activator. Plasma of other origin (cow, guinea-pig, dog, sheep, hen) should not be used. Plasma samples for the test may be stored in a freeze-dried state. The number of positive results was greatest with rabbit plasma enriched with fibrinogen solution or with a mixture of fibrinogen and coagulase-activator

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Studies on staphylococcal coagulases. II. Production of purified preparations of free coagulate. Med. dosw. mikrob. 10 no.3:287-296 1958.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii A. M. w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof. dr. Med. J. Adamski.

(ENZYMES,

staphylocoagulase, prep. of pure prep. (Pol))

(MICROCOCCUS PYOGENES,

same)

(BLOOD COAGULATION,

same)

JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Micrococcal coagulases. Postepy hig. med. dosw. 12 no.3:207-224, 1958.

1. Zaklad Mikrobiologii AM. Poznan Aleja Stalingradzka 3.  
(MICROCOCCUS PYOGENES, metab.  
coagulases, review (Pol))  
(ENZYMES,  
coagulases in Micrococcus pyogenes, review (Pol))  
(BLOOD COAGULATION,  
same)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 12/9 Med. Micro. Sept 59

2698. THE VALUE OF SELECTIVE MEDIA USED FOR ISOLATION OF MICROCOCCUS PYOGENES (STAPHYLOCOCCUS) - Wartość podbiów selektywnych stosowanych do wyosobniania gronkowca złocistego (Micrococcus pyogenes). Jeljaszewicz J. Zakt. Mikrobiol. Akad. Med., Poznań - POL. TYG. LEK. 1958, 13/32 (T235-1238) Tables 4

Eight selective media were investigated. It was found that the best results are obtained with mannitol salt agar and Chapman-Stone medium. Of great importance is a selective fluid medium, as in culturing on a solid medium about 30% was lost. A modified Maitland and Martin's broth used for this purpose proved to be the medium of choice.

JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz; GONCERZEWICZ, Maria

Creative protein in the blood of children with diseases of staphylococcal etiology. Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.36:1381-1384 8 Sept 58.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu; kierownik; prof. dr med. Jan Adamski i z II Kliniki Chorob Dziecięcych Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu; kierownik: p doc. dr med. Olech Szczepański. Adres: Poznań, ul. Stalingradzka 3. Zakład Mikrobiologii A. M., II Klinika Chorob Dziecięcych A. M. Poznań, ul. Św. Józefa.

(MICROCOCCAL INFECTIONS, blood in  
Creative protein, in child. (Pol))  
(BLOOD PROTEINS, in various dis.)

Creative protein in micrococcal infect. in child. (Pol))

JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz; WŁODARCZAK, Krystyna

Sensitivity of *Escherichia coli* to certain antibiotics, sulfonamides and furadantyne. Med. dosw. mikrob. 11 no.2:113-118 1959.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii w Poznaniu Kierownik: Prof. dr med. Jan Adamski. Z Miejskiej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej w Poznaniu, Dyrektor: dr med. M. Paruzal.

(*ESCHERICHIA COLI*, pharmacol.) (ANTIBIOTICS, pharmacol.)  
(*SULFONAMIDES*, pharmacol.) (FURANS, pharmacol.)

JELJASZEWICH, Janusz

Trichomycin, an antibiotic active against fungi and Protozoa.  
Postepy hig.med.dosw. 13 no.5:629-650 '59.  
(ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol.)

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Spiramycyna. Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.18:839-842 4 May 59.

1. (Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu; kierownik:  
prof. dr med. Jan Adamski). Adres: Zaklad Mikrobiologii Akademii  
Medycznej. Poznan, Al. Stalingradzka 3.

(ANTIBIOTICS, ther. use  
spiramycin (Pol))

JELJASZEWICZ, Jannsz (Poznan, al. Stalingradzka 3. Zaklad Mikrobiologii A.M.)

Nitrofurantoin(Furadantyna). Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.19:880-884 11  
May 59.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu; kierownik:  
prof. dr med. Jan Adamski.

(NITROFURANTOIN  
review, (Pol))

WŁODARCZAK, Krystyna; JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Studies on staphylococcal coagulases. VII. Effect of antibiotics,  
sulfonamides, antiseptics, nucleic acids and inorganic compounds  
on the activity of free coagulases. Arch. immun. ter. dożw. 8 no. 1:161-  
172 1960.

1. Miejska Stacja Sanitarno-Epidemiologiczna w Poznaniu, Dyrektor:  
Dr. M. Paruzal; Zakład Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej Akademii Medycznej  
w Poznaniu, Kierownik: Prof. dr J. Adamski.  
(ENZYMES)  
(STAPHYLOCOCCUS)

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Studies on staphylococcal coagulases. VI. Appearance of various toxic factors and biochemical factors among coagulase-negative and coagulase-positive strains of Staphylococci. Med. i sw. mikrob. 12 no.1:33-41 '60.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii A.M. w Poznaniu. Kierownik: prof.dr J. Adamski.  
(STAPHYLOCCUS chem.)  
(ENZYMES chem.)

WLODARCZAK, Krystyna; JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Sensitivity of 220 strains of gram-negative bacilli to sulfa-methoxypyridazine. Med.dosw.mikrob. 12 no.1:67-70 '60.

1. Z Miejskiej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej w Poznaniu.  
Dyrektor: dr M. Parazal. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii A.M. w Poznaniu.  
Kierownik: prof.dr J. Adamski.  
(SULFAMETHOKYPRIDAZINE pharmacol.)

WIODARCZAK, Krystyna; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Sensitivity of the Staphylococcus to the effect of bacitracin,  
soframycin, novobiocin, cycloserine, vancomycin, ristocetin  
and kanamycin. Postepy hig. med. dosw 14 no.1:101-103 '60.

1. Z Miejskiej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej w Poznaniu.  
(ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol.)  
(STAPHYLOCOCCUS pharmacol.)

WLODARCZAK, Krystyna; JELJASZEVICZ, Janusz

In vitro effect of 6 antibiotics and of nitrofurantoin on  
Proteus. Postepy hig. med. dosw 14 no.1:105-108 '60.

l. Z Miejskiej Stacji Santiarcho-Epidemiologicznej w Poznaniu,  
Kierownik: dr A. Paruzal; z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej  
A.M. w Poznaniu, Kierownik: prof. dr J. Adamski.

(PROTEUS pharmacol.)

(ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol.)

(NITROFURANS pharmacol.)

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz; SKALMOWSKI, Tadeusz

Spiramycin and penicillin in scarlet fever. Clinical and sero-bacteriological observations. Pediat. polska 35 no.9:1089-1097 S '60.

1. z Zakladu Mikrobiologii A.M. w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof. dr med. J.Adamski i z Oddzialu Zakaznego Wojewodzkiego Specjalistycznego Szpitala Dzieciecego w Poznaniu Dyrektor: dr med. M.Stabrowski Ordynator: dr med. T.Skalowski.

(SCARLET FEVER ther)  
(ANTIBIOTICS ther)  
(PENICILLIN ther)

SZYMENDERA, Janusz; BOGUSKA, Jadwiga; HASIK, Jan; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Course of controlled therapy of patients with endocarditis. Polski  
tygod.lek. 15 no.40:1524-1528 3 0 '60.

1. II Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu;  
kierownik: prof. dr Jan Roguski i z Zakładu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej  
Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu; kierownik: prof. dr Jan Adamski.  
(ENDOCARDITIS BACTERIAL ther)

WLODARCZAK, Krystyna; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Studies on staphylococcal coagulases. IV. Behavior of staphylococci  
in normal sera with and without added free coagulase. Acta microb.  
polon. 10 no.1:81-91

1. Ze Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej m. Poznania i Zakladu Mikrobiologii  
Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu  
(ENZYMES pharmacol )  
(STAPHYLOCOCCUS culture)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2

TYC, Milada; KOTELBA, Ryszard; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz; BACZYK, Kazimierz

Studies on the relation of results of urine culture to the mode of sampling. Poznan. tow. przyjaciol nauk wydz. lek. 21 no.2:113-117  
'61.

(URINE microbiol)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2"

JELJASZEWCZ, J.; NIEWIAROWSKI, S.; POPLAWSKI, A.

Clotting of plasma with congenital blood coagulation factors deficiency by staphylocoagulase. Bull. acad. Pol. sci. [Biol.] 13 no.8:451-454 '65.

1. Submitted May 13, 1965.

SZMIGIELSKI, Stanislaw; JELIASZEWCZ, Janusz; WILCZYNSKI, Jan

Activity of the rabbit leucocytic system during experimental staphylococcal infection. Med. dosw. mikrobiol. 17 no.3:193-201 '65.

1. Z Zakladu Biochemii Drobnoustrojow Instytutu Biochemii i Biofizyki Polskiej Akademii Nauk w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Mikulaszek), z Zakladu Bakteriologii Państwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Wojciechowski) i Zakladu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej AM w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Mikulaszek).

SZMIĘLSKI, Stanislaw; KORBECKI, Michal; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Cytotoxic activity of staphylococcal anti-beta-hemolysin on KB  
cells. Med. dosw. mikrobiol. 17 no.3:203-206 '65.

l. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej AM w Warszawie (Kierownik:  
prof. dr. E. Mikulaszek) i Zakladu Bakteriologii Państwowego  
Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Wojciechowski).

JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz; CYBULSKA, Janina; HUDZYNOWSKA, Jozefa; JAKUBKIEWICZ, Julia; ZARZYCKA, Zofia; CZARKOWSKA-PELCZYNSKA, Halina.

An epidemic of pharyngitis caused by Streptococcus pyogenes type 12. Przegl. epidemiol. 19 no.1:83-86 '65

1. Z Zakladu Bakteriologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny, Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej dla m. st. Warszawy i Ewangelicznej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej Warszawa-Ochota.

CYBULSKA, Janina; JELJASZEWICZ, Janusz

Bacteriostatic action of normal sera on staphylococci. Med.  
dosw. mikrobiol. 17 no.2:85-98 '65.

1. Z Zakladu Bakteriologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w  
Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Wojciechowski).

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz; MYSLIBORSKI, Tadeusz

Bacterial flora of surgical plaster. Pol. przegl. chir. 37  
no.6:601-604 Je '65.

1. Z Zakladu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej w Warszawie (Kierownik:  
prof. dr. E. Mikulaszek) i z Kliniki Ortopedycznej AM w Poznaniu  
(Kierownik: prof. dr. W. Dega).

CYEULSKA, Janina; JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz

Plate method for determination of bacteriostatic activity of  
normal serum against staphylococci. Med. dosw. mikrobiol. 17  
no.3:207-212 '65.

1. Z Zakladu Bakteriologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny (Kierownik:  
prof. dr. E. Wojciechowski) i Zakladu Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej AM  
w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. E. Mikulaszek).

L 31846-66 T JK

ACC NR: AP6021321

(A)

SOURCE CODE: P0/0081/65/019/003/0297/0303

AUTHOR: Jeljaszewicz, J.; Hawiger, J.; Celinska, T.; Cygankiewicz-Siennicka, M. <sup>64</sup>  
Czacka, I.; Dawidowska, I.; Demirowska, E.; Gorska, A.; Gulinski, J.; Hebenstreit, C.  
Jankiewicz, I.; Jarowa, M.; Klimek, H.; Klapkowska, K.; Kobielko, W.; Kokocińska, I.  
Krol, J.; Lenartowicz, O.; Luft, A.; Malik, K.; Moskwa, Z.; Nocon, T.; Oziemski, E.  
Pawlowska, I.; Pedrycz, W.; Pernal, C.; Piasecka-Serafin, M.; Plachecka, M.; Pogorzelska, A.; Potocka, Z.; Rodzinski, L.; Roszkowska, H.; Sajkowska, S.; Siennicki, W.  
Sikora, G.; Szarek, T.; Szymanczyk, A.; Terech, I.; Tomaszko, H.; Torym, L.; Wawrzynska, M.; Wencel, Z.; Zodrow, H.

ORG: Institute of Bacteriology, PZH, Warsaw (Zaklad Bakteriologii); Regional and City Epidemiologic Centers, Białystok, Bydgoszcz, Katowice, Koszalin, Krakow, Łódź, Olsztyn, Opole, Poznań, Rzeszów, Warsaw, Wrocław and Zielona Góra (Wojewódzka i Miejska Stacja Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznych)

TITLE: Antibiotic-resistant strains of *Staphylococcus aureus* isolated in Poland in the years 1960-1963

SOURCE: Przeglad epidemiologiczny, v. 19, no. 3, 1965, 297-308

TOPIC TAGS: bacteriology, penicillin, streptomycin, erythromycin, neomycin, tetracycline, antibiotic

ABSTRACT: A comparative study of strains of *Staphylococcus aureus* resistant to penicillin, streptomycin, chloramphenicol, erythromycin, neomycin, oxy and tetracycline was made from the point of view of: source of strains; endocrine secretions; material (hospital or outside) and geographical distribution. Results revealed that least resistant to all antibiotics were strains isolated from food in case of food poisoning, and most resistant, those found in feces. The number of resistant strains was greater in hospital than outside material, except for neomycin. Of the antibiotics the

Card 1/2

Card 2/2 JS

L 31845-66 T JK

ACC NR: AP6021322 (A) SOURCE CODE: P0/0081/65/019/003/0309/0313  
AUTHOR: Jeljaszewicz, J.; Hawiger, J.; Czacks, J.; Gygankiewicz-Siennicka, M.; Gorska, A.; Gulinski, J.; Hebenstreit, C.; Klimek, H.; Klapowicka, K.; Krol, J.; Lenartowicz, C.; Luft, A.; Moskwa, Z.; Nocon, I.; Pawlowska, I.; Padrycz, W.; Pernal, C.; Pogorzelska, A.; Rodzinski, L.; Siennicki, W.; Sikora, G.; Szymanczyk, I.; Terech, I.; Wawrzynska, M.; Wencel, Z.; Znis, A.

ORG: Institute of Bacteriology, PZH, Warsaw (Zaklad Bakteriologii); Regional and City Sanitary Epidemiological Centers, Bydgoszcz, Katowice, Kielce, Krakow, Lodz, Opole, Rzeszow, Warsaw, Wroclaw (Wojewodzka i Miejska Stacj Sanitarno-Epidemiologiczna); Bacteriologic Laboratory, No. 3, PSK, Wroclaw (Laboratorium Bakteriologiczny)

TITLE: Antibiotic-resistant strains of Streptococcus viridans, Streptococcus Fecalis, Escherichia coli, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Proteus species and Klebsiella species, isolated in Poland in 1960-1963

SOURCE: Przeglad epidemiologiczny, v. 19, no. 3, 1965, 309-313

TOPIC TAGS: bacteriology, penicillin, streptomycin, tetracycline, erythromycin, neomycin

ABSTRACT: Sensitivity tests of the above strains were carried out in respect to penicillin, streptomycin, tetracyclines, chloramphenicol, erythromycin and neomycin. It was found that resistance to antibiotics in Streptococci differed from that in Gram-negative bacilli. Streptococcus fecalis was found highly resistant to penicillin and erythromycin. Appreciable resistance to all antibiotics was noted in strains identified as Streptococcus viridans. Resistance varied according to samples and territorial distribution. Experiments were conducted in 11 centers throughout the country simultaneously; results were compared with those obtained in an identical experimental series in a single hospital environment. Orig. art. has: 2 tables. [PPS]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 001  
Card 1/1 JS

POLAND

CYBULSKA, Janina; and JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz; Department of Microbiology, National Institute of Health (Zaklad Bakteriologii i PZH); Head (Kierownik) Prof Dr E. WOJCIECHOWSKI, Warsaw.

"Bacteriostatic Activity of Rabbit Sera Against Staphylococci During Experimental Infection."

Warsaw, Medycyna Doswiadczałna i Mikrobiologia, Vol 17, No 4, 1965; pp 271-276.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Studying ten groups of rabbits after inoculation with one of eight strains of *Staphylococcus*, or one each of *Streptococcus* or *Escherichia coli*; effect of serum on bacteria grown before and after inoculation, leukocyte enzymatic activity. All rabbits inoculated intravenously with *Staphylococcus* became bacteremic and later had pyelonephritis; serum did not inhibit strains of coagulase-negative *Staphylococcus* after this infection developed. 2 tables, 6 graphs, 5 Polish including unpublished, and 2 Western references.

1/1

POLAND

PIEKACZ, Kazimierz Andrzej; JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz, and ZAK, Cecylia; Department of Medical Microbiology, Academy of Medicine (Zaklad Mikrobiologii Lekarskiej AM) Head Prof Dr E. MIKULASZIK, Warsaw; and Department of Bacteriology,

**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610015-2"**  
National Hygiene Institute (Zaklad Higieny) Head Prof Dr E. WOJCIECHOWSKI, [Warsaw.] Zakladu Higieny, Head (Kierownik) Prof Dr E. WOJCIECHOWSKI, [Warsaw.]

"Mixed Staphylococcal Infection in Rabbits."

Warsaw, Medycyna Doswiadczałna i Mikrobiologia, Vol 18, No 1, 1966; pp 7-14.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Intravenous inoculation of rabbits with various strains of staphylococci generally resulted in colonization of the kidneys with virulent strains and near exclusion of non-pathogenic ones, but the coagulase production seems relatively unrelated to virulence in these experiments. Four tables; 6 Polish and 15 Western references.

1/1

JELJASZEWCZ, Janusz; STRUMILLO, Barbara, ZAK, Cecylia

Types of bacteriophage from strains of staphylococci isolated in hospitals, outside of hospitals and in cases of food poisoning. Przegl. epidem. 18 no.3:339-346 '64

1. Z Pracowni Ziarenkowcow Zakladu Bakteriologii Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny i Miejskiej Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej w Warszawie.

JELLENTA, S.

Industrial safety and hygiene service in geologic and mining enterprises. p. 296

OCHRONA PRACY: BEZPIECZENSTWO I HIGINA PRACY  
Vol. 9, no. 9, Sept. 1955  
Warszawa

Source: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL), IC, Vol. 5, no. 2,  
Feb. 1956

JELLINEK, ALGA.

E-2

HUNGARY/Analytic Chemistry - Analysis of Inorganic  
Substances.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 10, 1958, 32163

Author : Janos Bognar, Alga Jellinek

Inst :

Title : Mercurimetric Titration with Oxidation-Reduction  
Indicators. I. Determination of Bivalent Mercury  
Halides.

Orig Pub : Magyar kem. folyoirat, 1957, 63, No 11, 309-313

Abstract : It was established that the oxidation potential of the  $\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{3-}$  ion rose extremely high in the presence of little amounts of  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$  and reached the oxidation potential of  $\text{MnO}_4^-$  or  $\text{Ce}^{4+}$ . In the opinion of the authors, this is explained by the fact that  $\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{4-}$  present in a low concentration produces an insoluble Hg ferrocyanide, which, in its turn, results in a rise of the potential of  $\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{3-}$ . The authors used this phenomenon

Card 1/3

the titration near the equivalence point produces the above described effect. The triphenylmethane dyes xylene blue VS, Erioglaucine A, cyanine B, xlenecyazole FF and others are especially suitable as indicators. The method of determination of  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$  and I<sup>-</sup> was developed. In all these cases, titration is carried out in a strongly sulfate medium (4 to 10 n.). The color change of the indicator is sharp but not instantaneous. Only the indicator Asrta

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Card 2/3

25

JELLINEK, C.

Mercurimetric titrations by redox indicators, I. Halogens; the determination of mercury (II)-tons.

P. JOF(MAGYAR KEMIAI FOLIOZIRAT) Vol. 63, no. 11, Nov. 1957  
Budapest, Hungary

SC: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEA<sup>1</sup>) LC. Vol. 7, no. 3  
March 1958

JELLINEK H.  
(1057)

1st Dept. of Ped. and 2nd Dept. of Path., Budapest Univ. Contributions to the  
clinical and pathological picture of chronic tuberculous spinal meningitis  
Gyermekhyogyaszat 1952, 3/9 (275-284) Illus. 5

Four fatal cases are reported. It was found that a period when the CSF protein still  
showed no shift, the index of streptomycin diffusion, i.e. the difference between the  
streptomycin content of cisternal and lumbar fluid, was already increased. At this  
stage intrathecal and intracisternal streptomycin may be of benefit. Serial air in-  
sufflations may have had some effect after partial block had developed. A certain  
correlation exists between the protein content of the lumbar CSF, the thickness of  
the exudate and the clinical course.

Veghelyi - Budapest (XX, 8, 7, 15)

SO: EXCERPTA MEDICA Volume 6, Number 3, Section VIII March 1953

JELLINEK H.

2nd Depts of Surg. and path. Anat., med. Univ., Budapest. \*A new method of restoring defects in the wall of great abdominal veins ACTA MORPHOL. ACAD. SCIENT. HUNG. (Budapest)

1953, 3/2 (149-168) Illus. 16

Histological examination showed that temporary covering of the defect with small intestine, which retains its function, will promote the development of a new veinwall.

Authors (1X,5)

SO: Excerpta Medica

Section V

Vol. 7 No. 10

JELLINEK, H.;CSILLAG, I.;NOVAK, I.

Repair of experimental damage of the inferior vena cava with the small intestine. Kiserletes orvostud. 5 no.2:92-96 Mar 1953. (CLML 24:4)

I. Second Surgical Clinic and Second Institute of Pathological Anatomy,  
Budapest Medical University.

JELLINEK, H.

CSILLAG, I.; JELLINEK, H.; EGEDY, E.

Prevention of portal death by means of hypothermia; experimental study. Acta morph. hung. 4 no.3:259-269 1954.

1. 2nd Department of Surgery (Director: prof. E.Hedri) and 2nd Department of Pathological Anatomy (Director: prof. L.Haranghy) of the Medical University, Budapest.

(BODY TEMPERATURE

hypothermia, exper., prev. of portal death in animals)

(VEINS, PORTAL SYSTEM, physiol.

ligation causing death, prev. by hypothermia in animals)

JELLINGER, Harry

CSILLAG, Istvan; EGEDY, Elemer; JELLINGER, Harry

On the ligation of portal vein in hypothermia. Kísérletes orvostud.  
6 no.4:361-366 July 54.

1. Budapest Orvostudományi Egyetem II. sz. Sebészeti Klinikája és  
II. sz. Korbonctani Intézete.

(BODY TEMPERATURE

hypothermia, exper., eff. of portal vein ligation in dogs.

(VEINS, PORTAL SYSTEM, physiol.

eff. of ligation in exper. hypothermia in dogs)

CSILLAG, Istvan, dr.; GERGELY, Rezzo, dr.; JELLINEK, Harry, dr.

Experimental data on pathogenesis of gastric hemorrhage. Orv.hetil.  
95 no.48:1327-1329 28 Nov 54.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. sz. Sebeszeti Klinikajának  
(igazgató: Hedri Endre dr. egyet. tanár) és II. sz. Korbonctani  
Intézetek (igazgató: Haranghy László dr. egyet. tanár) közlemenye.

(STOMACH, hemorrh.

exper., pathogen in dog)

(HEMORRHAGE, exper.

gastric, pathogen. in dogs)

JELLINEK, H.  
CSILLAG, R.; GERGELY, R.; JELLINEK, H.

Experimental data to the pathogenesis of gastric haemorrhage.  
Acta morph. hung. 5 no.1-2:183-189 1955.

1. 2nd Department of Surgery (Director: Prof. M. Hedri) and  
2nd Department of Pathological Anatomy and Histology (Director:  
Prof. L. Haranghy) of the Medical University, Budapest.

(STOMACH, hemorrhage,  
exper., pathogen. aspects)  
(HEMORRHAGE, experimental,  
stomach, pathogen. aspects)

JELLINEK, H.

HUNGARY/Morphology of Man and Animals. Lymphatic and R.E. Systems. S-3

Abs Jour: Referat Zh.-Biol., No 1, 10 January 1958, 2887.

Author : Szinay, Gy., Jellinek H.

Inst :

Title : Peculiar Granulomatous Diseases of Reticuloendothelial System.

Orig Pub: Acta morphol. Acad. sci hung., 1955, 5, No 3-4, 297-310.

Abstract: This is a description of 3 cases of systemic reticulogranulomatoses with involvement of bone, skin, lungs, and other organs in 2-4 year old children with a subacute or subchronic course. In infancy and early childhood such types of granulomatoses constitute a transition between Letterer's reticulosis and Hodgkin's disease. They are characterized by a subacute course with transformation into lipogranulomatosis but with an insignificant tendency toward scar-tissue formation. Eosinophilic granuloma is not always a benign localized process. At times it is transformed

Card : 1/2

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EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 8 Vol 9/9 Neurology Sept '56

635. JELLINEK H., HÁRSFALVY E., MÉREI Gy. and RÁCZ P. 2nd Dept. of pathol. Anat., med. Univ., Budapest. \*The diffuse meningeal spread of gliomas (gliomatosis meningeum) ACTA MORPH. ACAD. SCIENT. HUNG. (Budapest) 1955, 6/1 (1-13) Illus. 5

Four cases are described (a medulloblastoma in a patient of 3 yr., a medullo-epithelioma in a patient of 2, a glioblastoma multiforme in a patient aged 17 and an ependymoma in a patient of 48) and the problem of meningeal gliomatosis (Polmeister, F. E. and Kernohan, J. W., Arch. neur. Psych. 1947, 57, 593) is discussed. The opinion is defended that in these cases, there is diffuse metastasization of an existing primary glioma. The migration of glioma cells from the primary tumour into the subarachnoid space may take place through the CSF, or possibly the blood stream, and may also be due to operation. Kuesko - Vienna (V, 8, 16)

FOLDI, Mihaly, orvostudomanyok doktora; JELLINEK, Harry; SZABO, Gyorgy,  
orvostudomanyok kandidatusa.

Studies on the lymphatic system of the thyroid. Magy. Tudom. Akad.  
Biol. Orv. Oszt. Kozl. 6 no.1:13-21 1955.

1. A Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kiserletes Orvostudomanyi  
Kutatóintézete Korelettani Osztálya, a Budapesti Orvostudományi  
Egyetem I. sz. Belklinikája és II. sz. Korbonctani Intézete.  
(THYROID GLAND, anatomy and histology,  
lymphatic system.)  
(LYMPHATIC SYSTEM, anatomy and histology,  
thyroid lymphatic system.)

CSILLAG, Istvan; GERGELY, Rezso; JELLINEK, Harry

Data on pathogenesis of experimental gastric hemorrhage. Magy.  
Tudom. Akad. Biol. Orv. Oszt. Kozl. 6 no.1:37-46 1955.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. sz Sebeszeti klinikaja  
es II. sz. Korbonctani Intezete.

(STOMACH, hemorrhage,

exper.)

(HEMORRHAGE, experimental,

stomach.)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec. 6 Vol. 11/4 Apr. 57  
JELLINEK H.

2314. JELLINEK H. and SZINAY Gy. II. Inst. für Pathol. Anat., Med. Univ.,  
Budapest. "Granulomatöse 'Wabenlungen'. Granulomatous honey-  
comb lung ACTA MORPH. ACAD. SCIENT. HUNG. (Budapest) 1955, 6/1  
(57-69) Illus. 4

Report of 5 cases with polycystic changes of the lungs. In 2 cases, these changes were accompanied by chronic lipoid granulomatosis, in 1 by subacute granulomatosis (intermediary picture between Letterer-Siwe's disease and Hand-Schüller-Christian syndrome), in 1 by subacute generalized eosinophilic granuloma and in 1 by tb. In the histiogenesis of the disease, the destruction of the elastic fibres of the lung is the decisive factor. In chronic cases, the destruction of the elastic fibres is attributed to the distension due to shrinkage of the cicatricial tissue; in subacute cases, the granulation tissue proliferating in the interstitium destroys the elastic fibres of the alveolar wall and of the terminal bronchioles. Correspondingly, the honeycomb lungs that develop in chronic and subacute cases, differ from each other in morbid-anatomical respect. Attention is drawn to the significance of timely diagnosis of the honeycomb lung.

Szinay - Budapest (XV, 5, 6)

Jellinek, Harry

HEDRI, Endre, professor., Budapest, VIII. Ulloai ut 78. Ungarn.; HARANGHY, Laszlo, professor., Budapest IX. Ulloai ut 93. Ungarn.; CSILLAG, Istvan, Budapest, VIII Ulloai ut 78. Ungarn.; JELLINEK, Harry, Budapest, IX Ulloai ut 93. Ungarn.

New method of production of artificial collateral circulation,  
Acta morph. hung. 6 no.1:99-117 1955

(KIDNEYS, blood supply,  
prod. of collateral circ. in dogs)  
(SPLEEN, blood supply,  
prod. of collateral circ. in dogs)

JELLINEK, H.

S-2

HUNGARY/Human and Animal Morphology. Circulatory System.

ADS Jour: Referat. Zh.-Biol., No 1, 10 January, 1958, 2856.

Author : Hendri, E., Haranghy L., Csillag, I., Jellinek H.

Inst. :  
Title : A New Method of Establishing Artificial Collateral Circulation.

Orig Pub: Magyar tud. Arad. Biol. es Orvosi tud. Oszt. Kozl., 1955, 6,  
No 2, 165-181.

Abstract: Operations were performed on 142 dogs. In some animals, after establishing a connection between the left kidney and the spleen the right kidney was removed and the left renal artery and vein were severed. The animals died in spite of the fact that morphological and functional connections between the spleen and the kidney were established. In a second series of experiments, the left kidney and the spleen were again interconnected, the left renal artery and vein severed, and then the right kidney was

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Card : 1/2

JELLINEK, Harry.; NEMETH, Margit.

A case of enterocyst in the breast. Kiserletes orvostud. ? no.l:  
107-110 Jan 55.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem II. sz. Korbonctani Intezete.  
(BREAST, cysts  
enterocyst in premature inf.)  
(INFANT, PREMATURE, diseases  
breast enterocyst)

FOLDI, M.; JELLINEK, H.; SZABO, Gy.

Investigations on the lymphatic system of the thyroid glands.  
Acta med.hung. 7 no.1-2:161-172 1955.

1. Pathophysiologische Abteilung des Forschungsinstitutes fur  
Experimentelle Medizin der Ungarischen Akademie der Wissen-  
schaften, I. Klinik fur Innere Medizin und II. Institut fur  
Pathologische Anatomie der Medizinischen Universitat, Budapest.

(THYROID GLAND, anatomy and histology,

lymphatic system)

(LYMPHATIC SYSTEM,

thyroid gland)

FOLDI, M; JELLINEK, H; RUSZNYAK, I; SZABO, Gy.

Storage of proteins in endothelial cells of the lymphatic capillaries. Acta med.hung. 7 no.1-2:211-214 1955.

(PROTEINS, metabolism,  
endothelial cells of lymphatic capillaries, storage)  
(LYMPHATIC VESSELS,  
capillaries, storage of proteins by endothelial cells  
in)

JELLINEK, H.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.5 Vol.9/12 Pathology Dec 56

3634. JELLINEK H. and HÜTTL T. Budapesti Orvostudományi Egyetem I. sz.  
Sebészeti Klin. és II sz. Kóroncianyi Intézete. "Ritka óriássejtek pajzani-

rigy daganat esete. Giant-cell sarcoma of the thyroid gland  
KISÉRL. ORVOSTUD. 1955, 7/6 (663-667) Illus. 5

The authors give a report on a giant-cell sarcoma of the thyroid gland, which had developed 11 months after a successfully operated carcinoma of the sigmoid. Clinically there was a suspicion of a metastasis, but histological examination revealed a giant-cell sarcoma. In contradistinction to the data from the literature, the tumour finally invaded the oesophagus and the throat. Death was due to aspiration of pieces of the decomposing tumour.

Jellinek - Budapest (V, 16)

JULESZ, Miklos, dr.,; HOLLO, Istvan, dr.,; JELLINEK, Harry, dr.,; SZINAI,  
Gyula, dr.

Morgagni syndrome. Magy. belorv. arch. 8 no.2:58-61 Apr 55.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. sz. belklinika (igazgato:  
Dr. Rusznyak Istvan egyetemi tanar) es II. sz. korbonctani  
intezetenek (igazgato: Dr. Haranghy Laszlo egyetemi tanar)  
kozlemenye.

(HYPEROSTOSIS FRONTALIS INTERNA,  
case report)

~~JELLINEK, H.~~

FOLDI, M., JELLINEK, H., RUSZNYAK, I., SZABO, Gy.

Hungary

"Eiweissspeicherung in den Endothelzellen der Lymphkapillaren."

(Harry Jellinek. XI; Ulloi ut 93. Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Acta Medica, Hung. 8: 211-214, 1955, Unclassified.

JELLINEK, Harry  
HARSING, Laszlo; JELLINEK, Harry; KOVER, Gyorgy; LASZLO, Katalin;  
VEGHELYI, Peter; TONIODY, Sarolta.

Effects of hypothermia on ischemic kidney lesions. Kisérletes  
orvostud. 8 no.1:85-92 1956.

1. Budapesti Orvostudományi Egyetem Elettani Intézet, II. sz.  
Koronctani Intézete és I. sz. Gyermekklinikája.

(KIDNEYS, blood supply  
ischemia, exper., prev. of consequent fatal lesions  
by hypothermia in dogs (Hun))

(BODY TEMPERATURE  
hypothermia, controlled, in prev. of fatal kidney  
lesions after exper. ischemia of kidneys in dogs (Hun))

HUNGARY / Human and Animal Physiology, Metabolism.  
Carbohydrate Metabolism.

T

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 22, 1958, 101621.

Author : Magyar. Imre; Vargo. Erzsebet; Jellinek. Harry.

Inst : ~~Liver~~ Belorv. arch. 1956, 9, No 4, 119-123.  
Title : Carbohydrate Metabolism and Potassium. v. Carbo-  
hydrate Metabolism and Potassium Balance in Liver  
Diseases.

Orig Pub: Magyar belorv. arch., 1956, 9, No 4, 119-123.

Abstract: Through introduction of CCl<sub>4</sub>, fatty degeneration of liver was induced in dogs, after which glucose (I) or levulose (II) was introduced into the duodenum or into the large veins, and the sugar and potassium content in peripheral blood was determined. In degenerated liver, synthesis of glycogen (III) from introduced I did not take place, but was,

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INST. : A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. sz.  
Belklinikaijanak (igazgato: Rusznyak, Istvan, dr.;  
egyetemi tanar) Kozlemenye.

HUNGARY / Human and Animal Physiology. Metabolism.  
Carbohydrate Metabolism.

T

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 22, 1958, 101621.

Abstract: however, observed in the other tissues, in particular in the muscles. With introduction of I into the duodenum, the content of K in the blood changed insignificantly; with introduction of I into the portal vein, it somewhat increased. Introduction of I into the hepatic or femoral veins induced a small hypopotassemia, considerably less pronounced than in healthy dogs; after introduction of II, hypopotassemia was not observed either in healthy dogs or in those poisoned by  $CCl_4$ . Taking into account the fact that synthesis of III from I in the liver and other tissues is accompanied by a decrease of K concentration in the peripheral blood, the authors feel that introduction of I directly into the system of portal circulation of animals poisoned with

Card 2/3

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